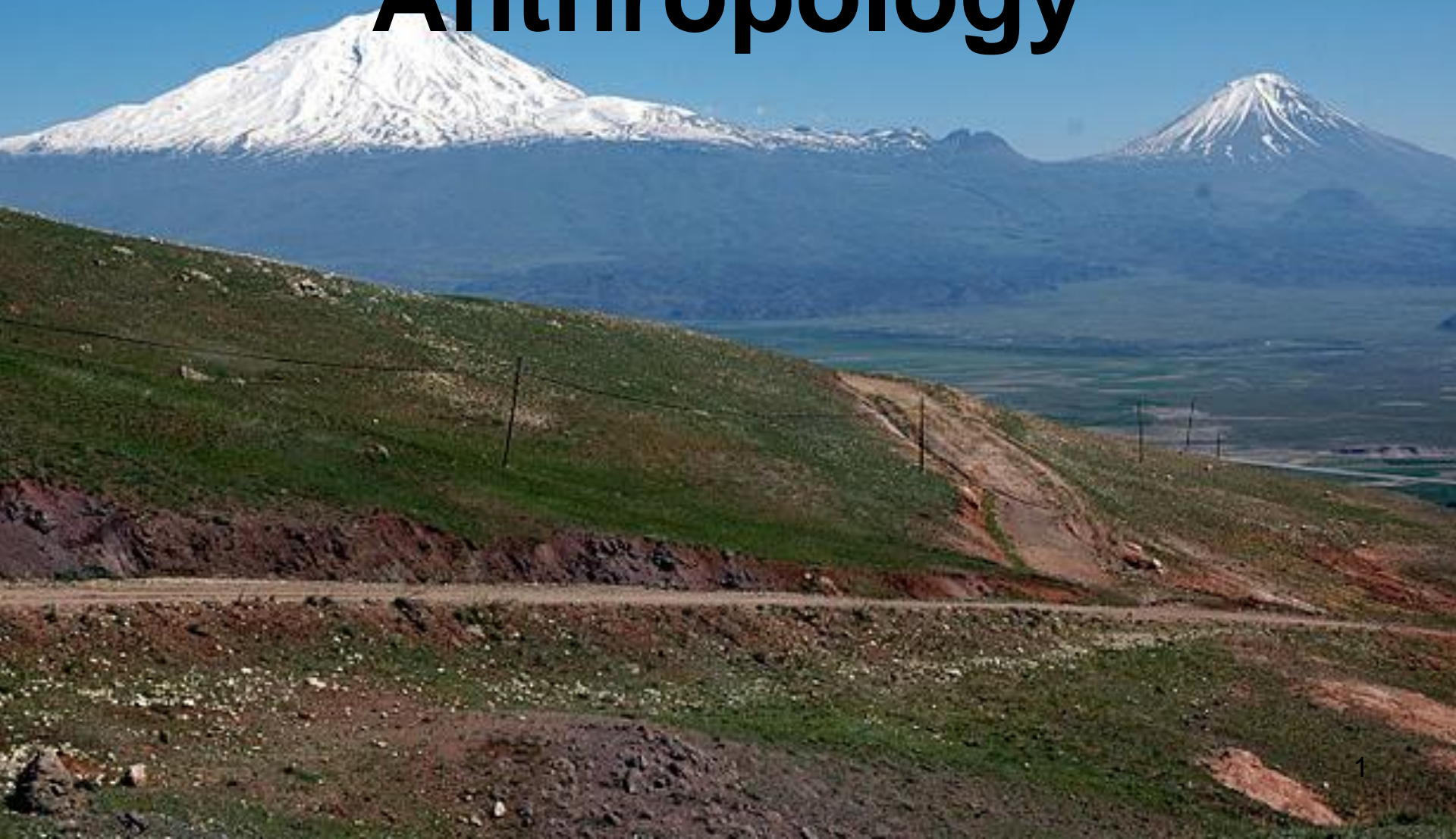


# Ararat, Archaeology and Anthropology



# Outline

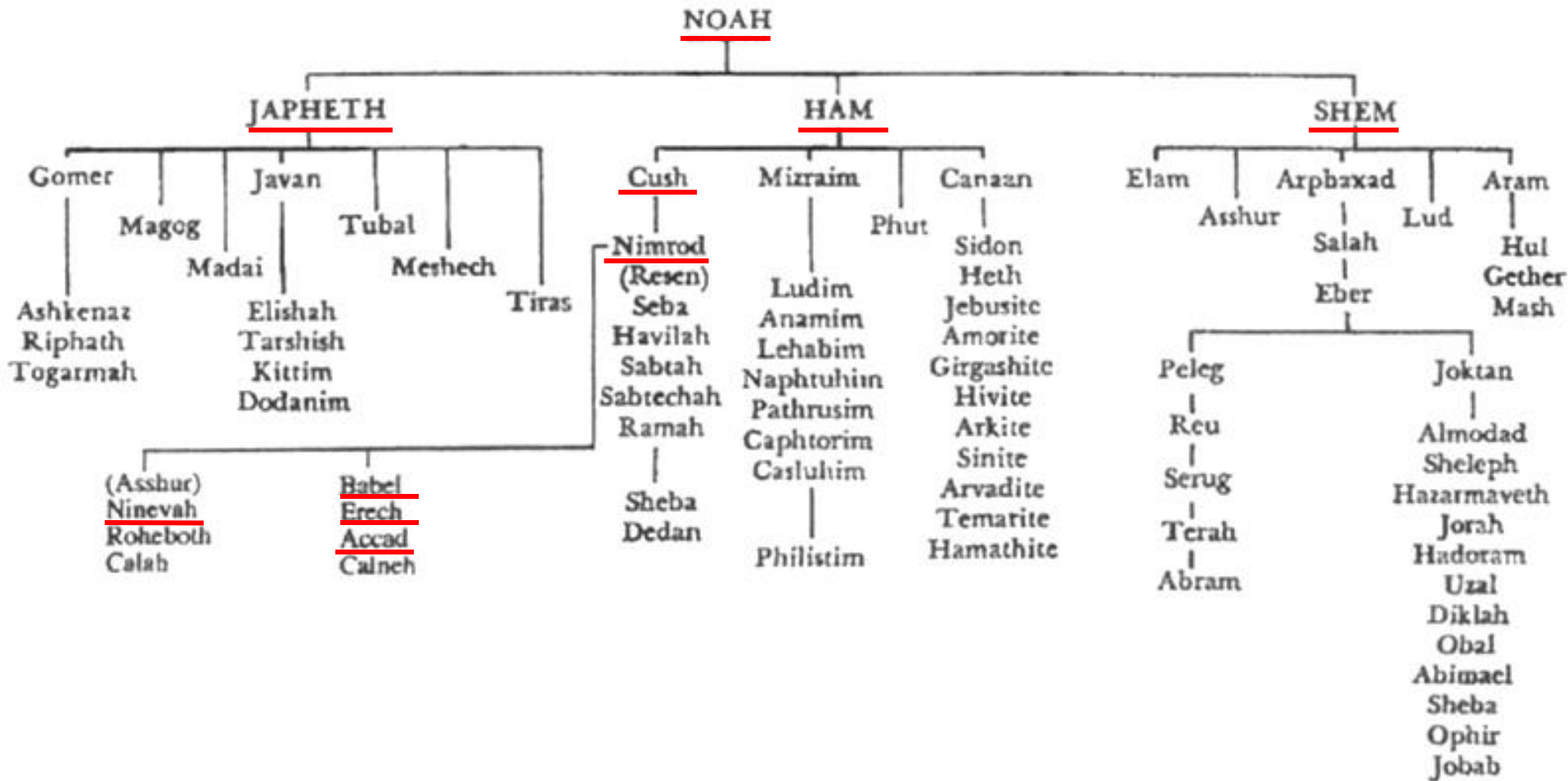
- **Overview of Noah's Flood**
- **Evidence from:**
  - **The United States**
  - **From Literature (History)**
  - **Eyewitness Testimony**
  - **Archaeology/Anthropology**
    - **Tombs/graves**
    - **Inscriptions**
    - **Ancient sites**
- **Conclusion**

# Overview of Noah's Flood

- God instructs Noah to build an Ark (Genesis 6:13–14)
- Noah Constructs the Ark (Genesis 6:20)
- Noah enters Ark, and God shuts door. (Genesis 7:16, 17)
- Intense rain falls 40 days/nights and the fountains of the great deep opened up (Genesis 7:11, 12)
- Water covers the earth in the next 110 days and starts to recede. (Genesis 7:17, 24)
- High mountains covered with water (Genesis 7:20)
- Ark rests on the mountains of Ararat (Genesis 8:3, 4)
- Water recedes from off the earth (Psalm 104:5-7)
- Noah grows Vineyard – (Genesis 9:20)
- Cities started by Nimrod (Genesis 10:10)

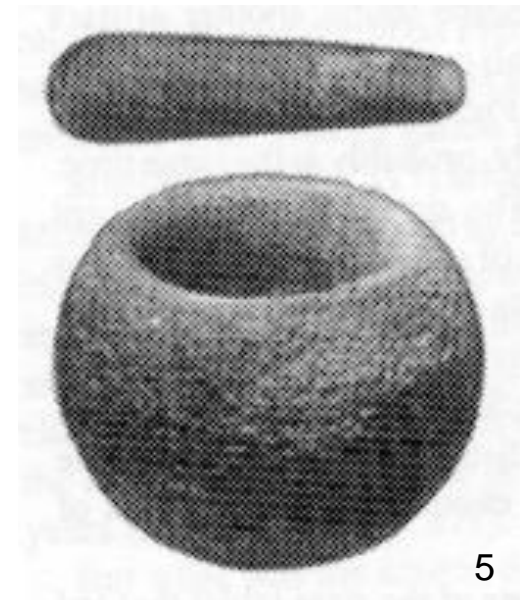
# Family of Noah

## GENEALOGICAL TABLE OF THE DESCENDANTS OF NOAH



# Archaeology from Noah's Flood

- The following types of items have been found in geological layers well below the surface of the earth. Theory; these were deposited during Noah's flood.
  - Eoliths
  - Crude Paleoliths
  - Advanced Paleoliths
  - Neoliths
  - Human bones
  - Human Artifacts



# Other Ancient texts vs. Bible

Epic	<a href="#">Atra-hasis</a>	<a href="#">Ziusudra</a>	<a href="#">Noah</a>	<a href="#">Ugarit - Ras Shamra</a>	<a href="#">Gilgamesh</a>
Date	c.1635 BC	c. 1600 BC	c.1450 BC	c. 1150 BC	c.1100 BC
Origin	Old Babylonian Akkadian	Sumerian	Noah/Moses	Mid-Babylonian Akkadian	Neo-Babylonian Akkadian
Surviving %	90%	33%	100%	20%	95%
Primary Source	Flood Event Stories	Sumerian ? & Atra-hasis ?	Flood Event	Atra-hasis	Atra-hasis
Revolt	Lesser gods	Text missing	Giants?		Text missing
Country	Šuruppak	Šuruppak	Sinai		Šuruppak
God	<a href="#">Enlil</a>	<a href="#">Enlil</a>	YHWH		<a href="#">Enlil</a>
Warning	Dream	<a href="#">Vision</a>	Direct order		Indirect order
Reason	Noise	Noise?	Sin, giants		Text missing
Hero	Atra-hasis	Ziusudra	Noah	Atra-hasis	Ut-napištim
Flood Source	Water under earth & Storm	Storm	Fountains of great deep, Storm		Storm
Savior	Enki	Enki	YHWH		Enki
# Days	7	7	7/40/150/150/40	7	7
Birds	Text missing	Text missing	Raven, Doves		Raven, Dove, Swallow
Destination	-	Text missing	Ararat		Nimuš
Sacrifice	Animals	Ox + Sheep	Animals		Cedarwood, Libations
Fate	Eternal life	Eternal life	Three sons		Eternal life

# Sumerian King List

- The list starts with preflood kings (it doesn't contain Adam or Noah for some reason)
- After the Flood The Sumerian King List begins with Kish (Cush).
- Both the List and the Bible speak of cities with the same names (Babylon, Erech (Uruk), Akkad, Nineveh, Ur)

# Sumerian King List

Alulim became king; he ruled for 28800 years.

Alaljar ruled for 36000 years.

2 kings; they ruled for 64800 years. (Then Eridug fell and the kingship was taken to Bad-tibira)

In Bad-tibira, En-men-lu-ana ruled for 43200 years.

En-men-gal-ana ruled for 28800 years.

Dumuzid, the shepherd, ruled for 36000 years.

3 kings; they ruled for 108000 years. (Then Bad-tibira fell (?) and the kingship was taken to Larag)

In Larag, En-sipad-zid-ana ruled for 28800 years.

1 king; he ruled for 28800 years. (Then Larag fell (?) and the kingship was taken to Zimbir)

In Zimbir, En-men-dur-ana became king; he ruled for 21000 years.

1 king; he ruled for 21000 years.

Then Zimbir fell (?) and the kingship was taken to Curuppag.

In Curuppag, Ubara- Tutu became king; he ruled for 18600 years.

1 king; he ruled for 18600 years.

In 5 cities 8 kings; they ruled for 241200 years.

**Then the flood swept over.**

**After the flood had swept over,**

and the kingship had descended from heaven, the kingship was in Kic.

In Kic,

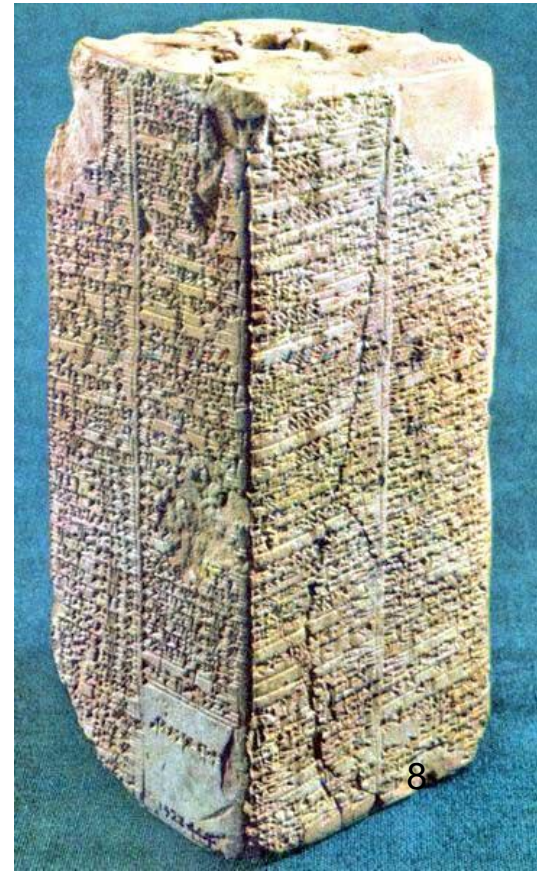
Jucur became king; he ruled for 1200 years.

Kullassina-bel ruled for 960 (ms. P2+L2 has instead: 900) years.

Nanjiclicma ruled for (ms. P2+L2 has:) 670 (?) years.

En-tarah-ana ruled for (ms. P2+L2 has:) 420 years ....., 3 months, and 3 1/2 days.

Babum ..... ruled for (ms. P2+L2 has:) 300 years. ....



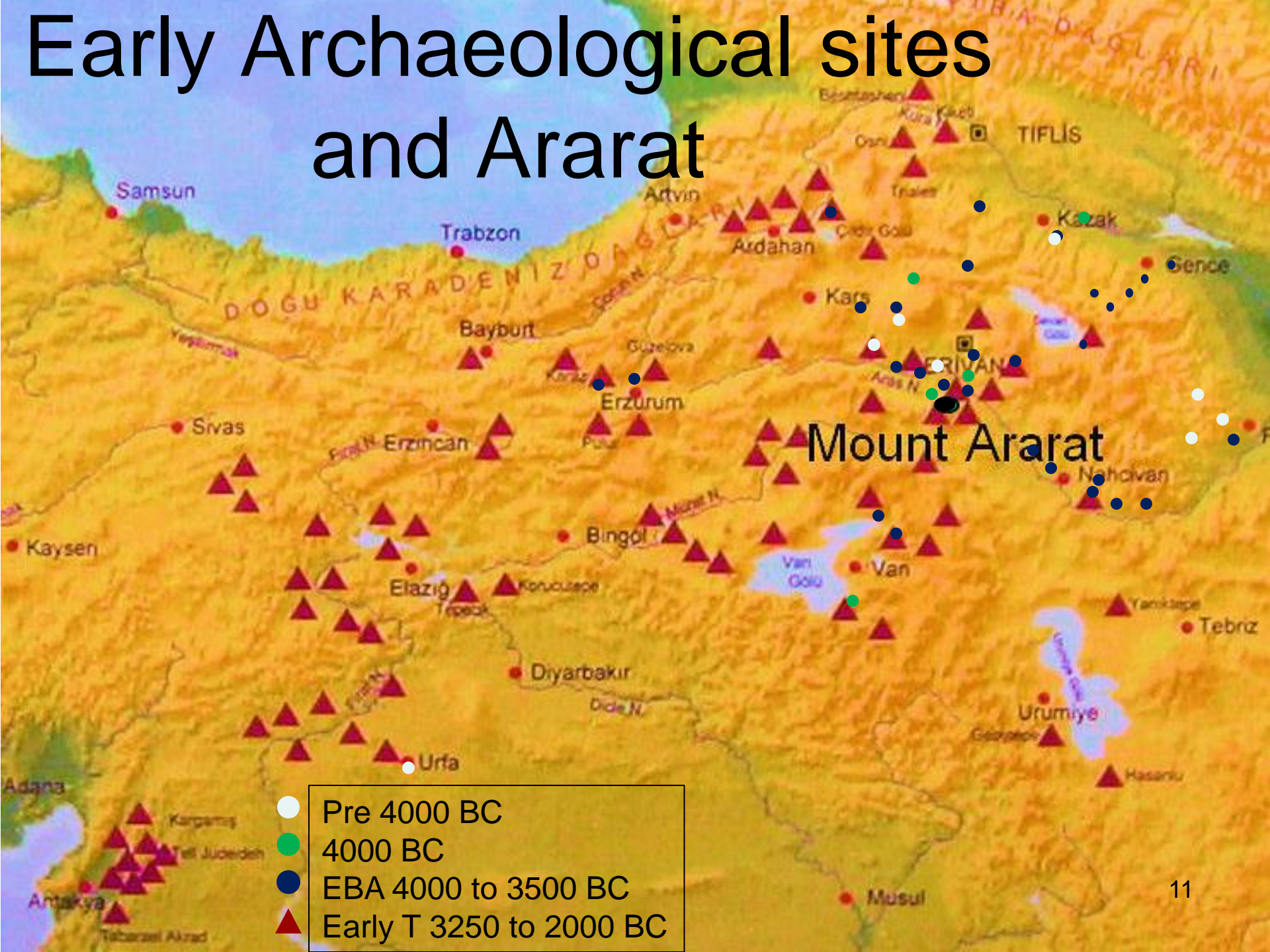
# Noah's Ark Eyewitness Testimony List

Year	Account	Location	In Ice	Shape	Valley/Depression	Cliff/Ledge	Length	Width	Height	Catwalk
1856	Armenian Haj Yearam	Mt. Ararat a little down from summit	Yes	Box/barge	Yes	Yes				Knee high
1883	Turkish Commission and British Captain Gascoyne	Mt. Ararat foot of glacier	Yes		Yes				40-50 ft.	
1887	Nestorian Archdeacon John Joseph Nouri	Mt. Ararat narrow plateau almost on the summit	Yes				900 ft.		100 ft.	
1890-1915	Armenians Jacob & Arthur Chuchian	Mt. Ararat up goat path	Yes	Box/barge	Yes	Yes	40-60 ft.			
1900-1908	Armenian George Hagopian and His Uncle	Mt. Ararat top on blue rock	Yes	Box/barge		Yes	1000 ft.	600 ft.	40 ft.	5 ft. high
1905-1910	Dr. Vahan Pampayan	Mt. Ararat saddle	Yes							
1910-1920	Armenian Antranig Dononian	Mt. Ararat								
1910-1920	Armenian John Derpaulian	Mt. Ararat Eastern Slope at top of crater	No		Yes					
1916	Turkish Soldiers	Mt. Ararat top or Mt. Cudi	Yes				450 ft.			
1916	German Russians John and Jacob Weist Family	Mt. Ararat difficult location for climbing	Yes	Box/barge						
1916-1917	Russian Expedition, Dr. Henry Miller, Joe Kulik	Mt. Ararat saddle	Yes	Box/barge	Yes		500 ft.	83 ft.	50 ft.	Yes
1917-1942	U.S. Navy Machinist Mate Ray Lubeck Newsreel	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	No	Boat/Points	Yes		400+ ft.	75 ft.	50 ft.	6-8' hg 20' wd
1917-1970	Russian Armais Arutunoff, Dave DuMaer Photos	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes	Box/barge		Yes	450 ft.	100-150 ft.	50 ft.	Yes
1918	U.S. Air Force Guilford Officer	Mt. Ararat about 14,000 ft.	Yes	Submarine	Yes					Yes, window
1920	Russian Major Jasper Maskelyn	Mt. Ararat	Yes		Yes		400+ ft.			
1930	American Mark Rafter Photo	Mt. Ararat Stephen Site area	Yes	Box/barge						
1935-1941	American Bertha Davis Photos	Mt. Ararat	Yes	Box/barge						Yes
1940-1941	Australian "Aussie" R. Taylor/Nice/Tibbetts Photos	Mt. Ararat basin next to hogback ridge	Yes	Box/barge	Yes	Yes				
1943	U.S. Army Sergeant Ed Davis	Mt. Ararat north side on blue rock or Zagros	Yes	Box/barge	Yes	Yes	200 ft.	60-100 ft.	60-100 ft.	2' hg 20' wd
1943	U.S. Army Air Corp Sergeant Vince Will	Mt. Ararat north side about 14,500 ft.	Yes	Box/barge		Yes	40-50 ft.	45-50 ft.	75 ft.	Yes
1943	U.S. Stars & Stripes & Yank Magazine Photos	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes							
1945	U.S. Army Air Corp Staff Sergeant Gerald Howley	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes	Box/barge		Yes	15 ft.			
1945	U.S. Army Air Corp Corporal Lester Walton	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes	Box/barge						
1945-1946	U.S. Army Air Corp Charlie McCallen Newsreel	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes	Box/barge					Yes	
1948	U.S. Air Air Corp Personnel Andy Anderson	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes						Yes	
1948	Turk Reshit	Mt. Ararat ice	Yes	House Ship	Canyon	Yes				
1948-1949	American Doug Wolfe Film	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes	Cigar						
1952	U.S. Navy Photographer William Todd	Mt. Ararat above Ahora Gorge 14,500-16,000 ft.	Yes	Box/barge	Yes	Yes	35 ft.	75 ft.	45 ft.	Yes
1953	American George Greene Photos	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes	Box/barge	Yes, fault	Yes				
1956-1962	American Herb Knee Newsreel	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes	Box/barge		Yes				
1958-1962	U-2 Pilot, U-2 Photos & Omaha Herald Photo	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes	Box/barge						
1959	U.S. Air Force Captain Gregor Schwinghammer	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes	Box/barge	Yes, horseshoe					
1960-1970	U.S. Air Force Bob Courtney	Mt. Ararat near summit	Yes	Box/barge						
1960-1970	U.S. Air Force Master Sergeant Merritt Van Ostrand	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes	Box/barge						
1968-1969	Military Photographer Richard Kalinowski Photos	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes							
1969-1970	U.S. Air Force Colonel Walter Hunter Photos	Mountain with glaciers	Yes	Boat/Points			450 ft.			
1974	U.S. Air Force Personnel Ed Behling	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes	Box/barge	Yes, horseshoe	Yes	150-200 ft.	60-70 ft.	40-50 ft.	6-8' hg 14' wd
1974	U.S. Navy Lieutenant JG Al Shappell	Mt. Ararat top of Ahora Gorge 14,500-15,000 ft.	Yes	Box/barge	Yes	Yes	300 ft.	100-200 ft.	100-200 ft.	Yes
1974	U.S. Air Force SR-71 Photo Analysis Father & Son	Mt. Ararat	Yes	Bow						
1985	U.S. Air Force General Ralph Havens Slides	Mt. Ararat above Ahora Gorge near cliff	Yes	Box/barge		Yes				Yes
1989	U.S. Military Photo Interpreter George Stephen III	Mt. Ararat Abich II fault 15,000-16,000 ft.	Yes	Box/barge	Yes, fault	Yes				
1989	Turk Ahmet Arslan	Mt. Ararat Abich II fault 15,000-16,000 ft.	Yes	Box/barge						
1992-1993	American Rolando Reyna Turkish Film	Mt. Ararat on Turkish/Armenian Border	Yes	Box/barge		Yes				
Totals	66.7% In-person & 71.4% Military Ties	95.2% On Mount Ararat	95.2%	66.7%	40.5%	50.0%				

# Ararat, Araxes & Vineyard



# Early Archaeological sites and Ararat



- Pre 4000 BC
- 4000 BC
- EBA 4000 to 3500 BC
- ▲ Early T 3250 to 2000 BC

# Karaz / Pular Ware – Erzurum



# Sağlıksuyu / Arzap / Kazan Wall with Ceramics



photo courtesy  
of Barbara Patt

# Sağlıksuyu / Arzap / Kazan



# Karada “House of Shem”



# Karada “Altar” with Steps



# Karada “Altar”



# Place Names Related to Flood

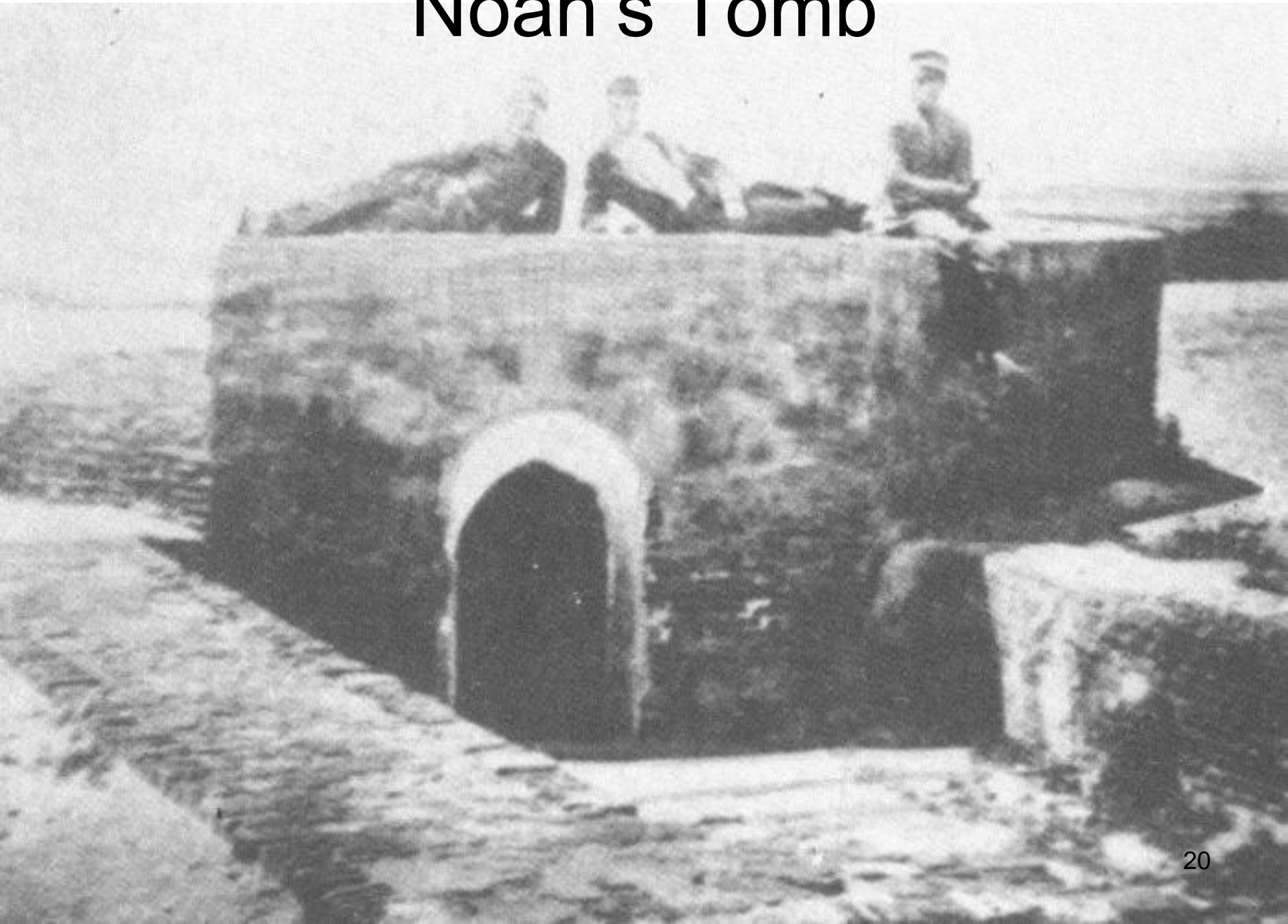
<b>Country</b>	<b>Place/Feature</b>	<b>Meaning</b>	<b>Reference</b>
Armenia	Nakhichevan	the landing place	Mount Ararat
Armenia	Echmiadzin	those who descended	Name of a monastery where reputed pieces of Ark exist.
Turkey	Arghuri (Ahora)	the planting of the vine	The grape vine Noah planted after leaving the Ark.
Iran	Temanin	the eight	The number of persons who survived the flood.
Turkey	Mahser	doomsday	Catastrophic punishment of the world.
Turkey	Agri	painful	Place of pain. Given to Mount Ararat
Turkey	Kargakonmaz	the raven won't land	The raven returning to the Ark.

# Noah's Ark Wood

- Petrified Wood
- AD 318
- Echmiadzin Monastery
- Grain is clearly visible
- Reddish color
- Twelve inches by nine
- About an inch thick



# Noah's Tomb



# Noah's Wife's Tomb

- Noah's Wife's Tomb in Marand, Iran
- “The mother is there”



# Tombstones



# Metsamor (metallurgical site)

Gold  
Copper  
Bronze  
Iron



Glass



# Alphabetic Script Proto- Araratian

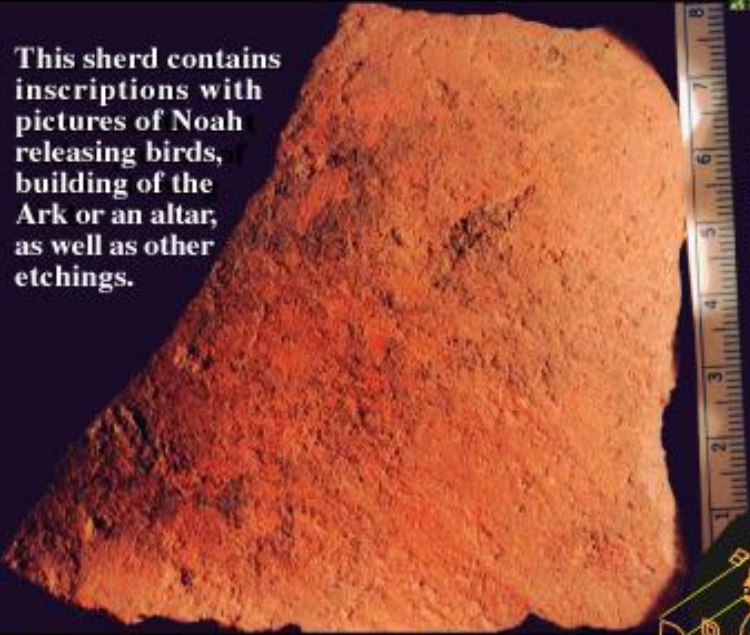
Letter	Carved Forms	Origin and Description
A/aleph		Triangular Ox-head
B/beth		Square house with dot in it
G/gimmel		Sharply angled head
D/dalet		A Fish
H/ha		Stick figure of a man
W/waw		Cupped head with tail
Z/zayin		Parallel bars intersected
ch/cheth		Stick figure of man in box
T/eth		Crossed bars in a circle
Y/yod		Forked head with tail
K/kaph		A hand with fingers
L/lamed		Curved letter
M/mem		Wavy or zig-zag water
N/nun		A snake
S/samek		Not attested in this script (S/shin below substitutes) An eye
c/ayin		An eye
P/pe		Curved letter
Ts/sade		Circles at corners of square
Q/qoph		Linked circles, Fig. -of-8
R/resh		Human head
Sh/shin		Double open circles
T/aw		Crossbars

# Ancient Pottery Sherds

Pottery sherds were found in association with the graves of “Naxuan” and the Durupinar site. No cultural artifact specific to the flood account has ever been found on Mt. Ararat.

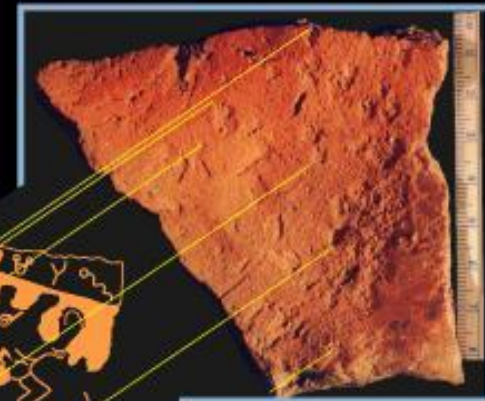


Sherd found by Michelson approximately 10 meters from West wall of Durupinar boat shaped structure.

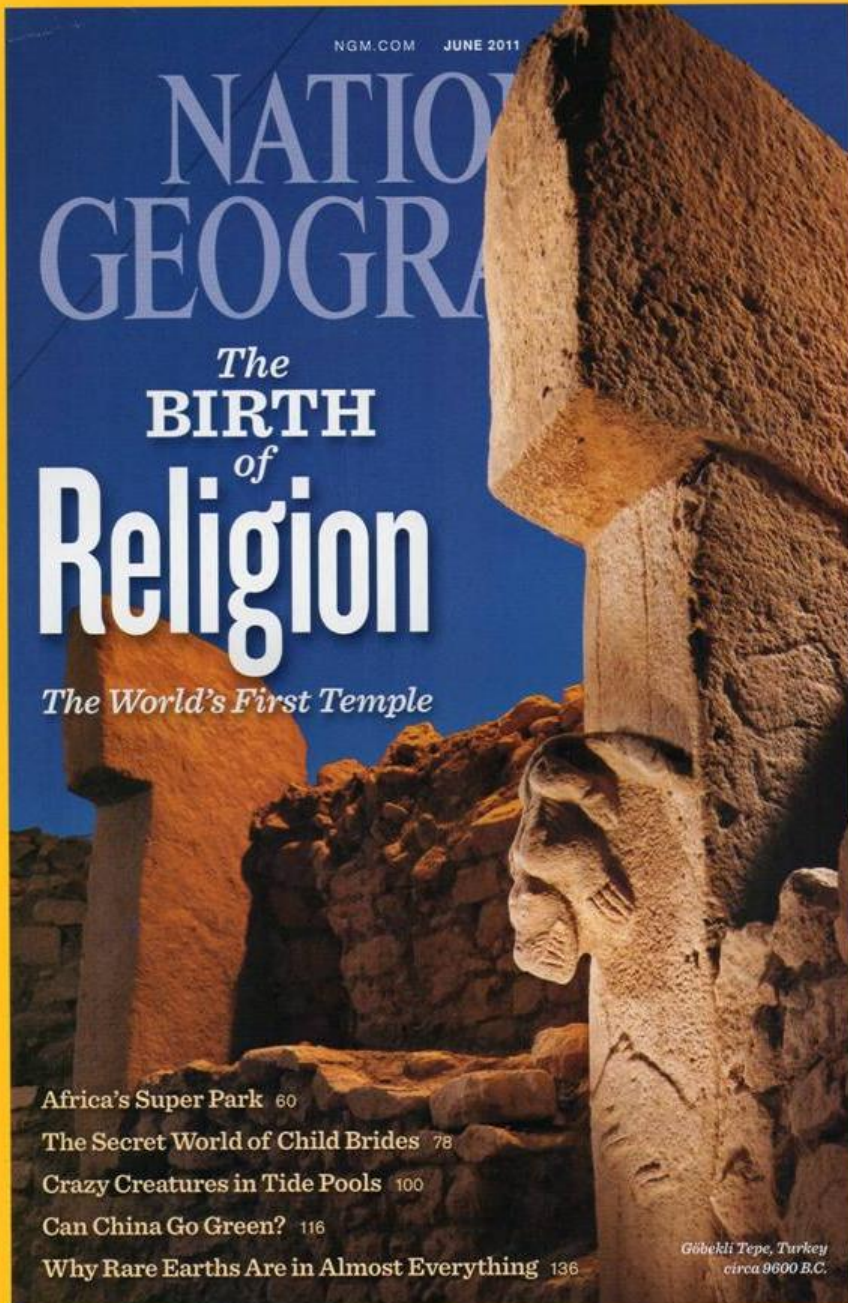


This sherd contains inscriptions with pictures of Noah releasing birds, building of the Ark or an altar, as well as other etchings.

The *Durupinar Ostracon* found by Shea approximately 20 meters West of the Durupinar boat shaped structure.



Hammering a Spike (etching) concave side



NGM.COM JUNE 2011

NATIONAL  
GEOGRAPHIC

The  
**BIRTH**  
of  
**Religion**

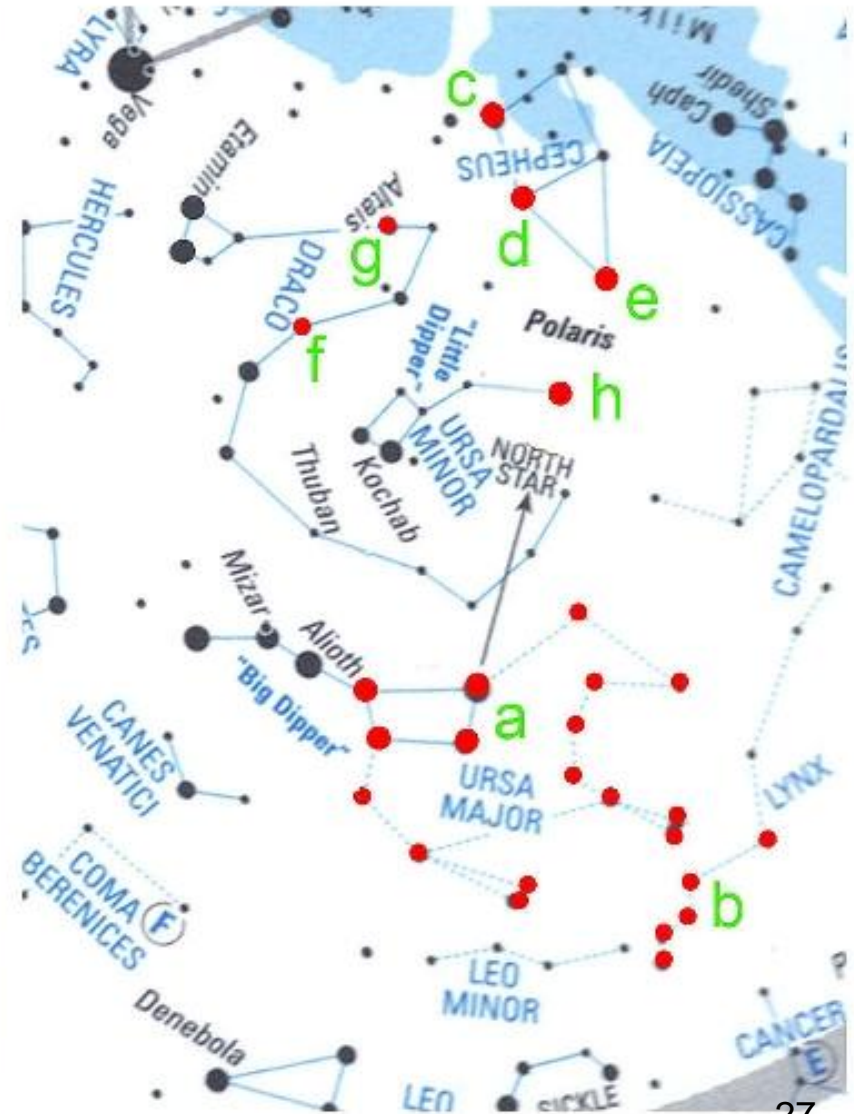
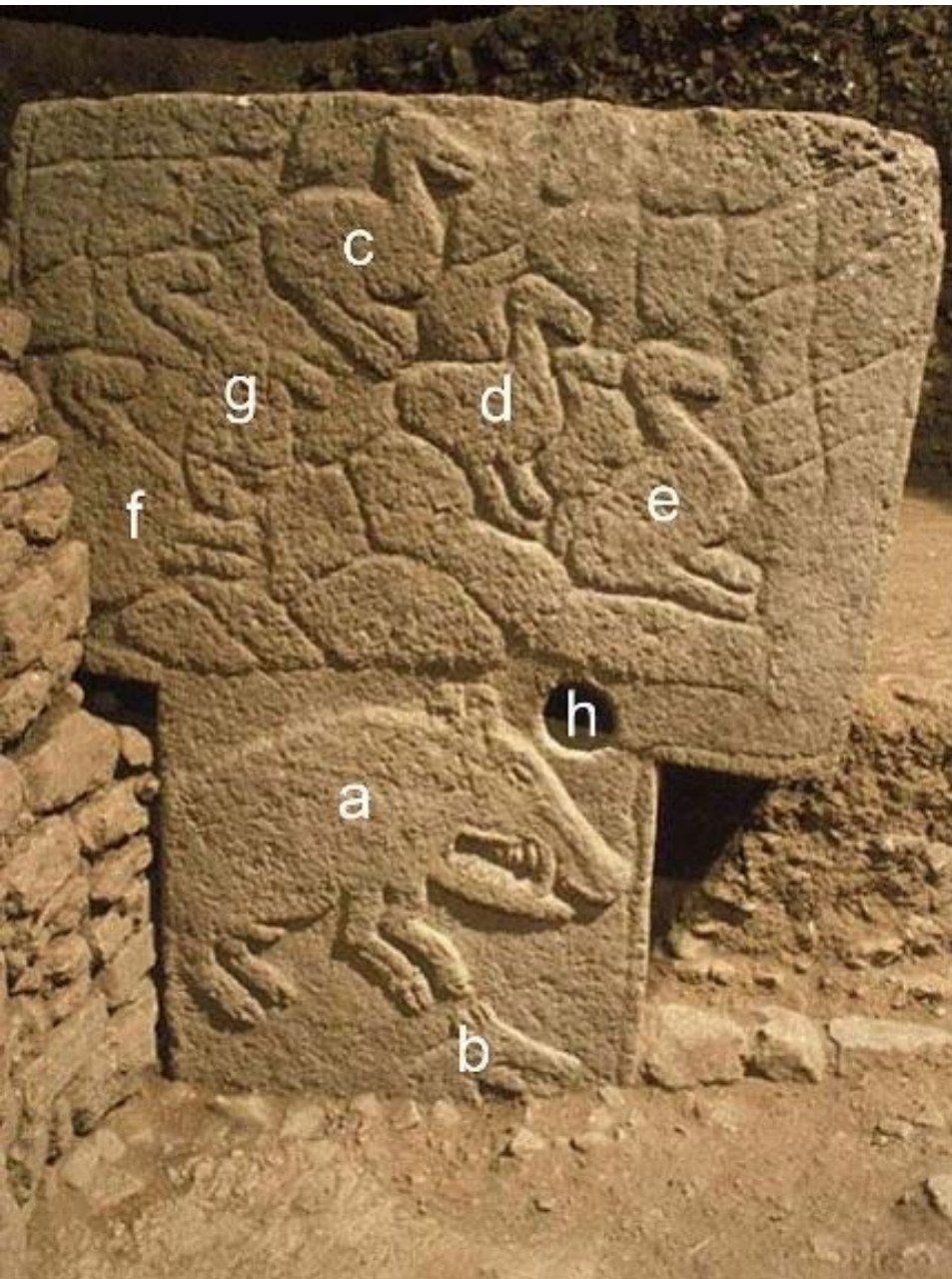
*The World's First Temple*

- Africa's Super Park 60
- The Secret World of Child Brides 78
- Crazy Creatures in Tide Pools 100
- Can China Go Green? 116
- Why Rare Earths Are in Almost Everything 136

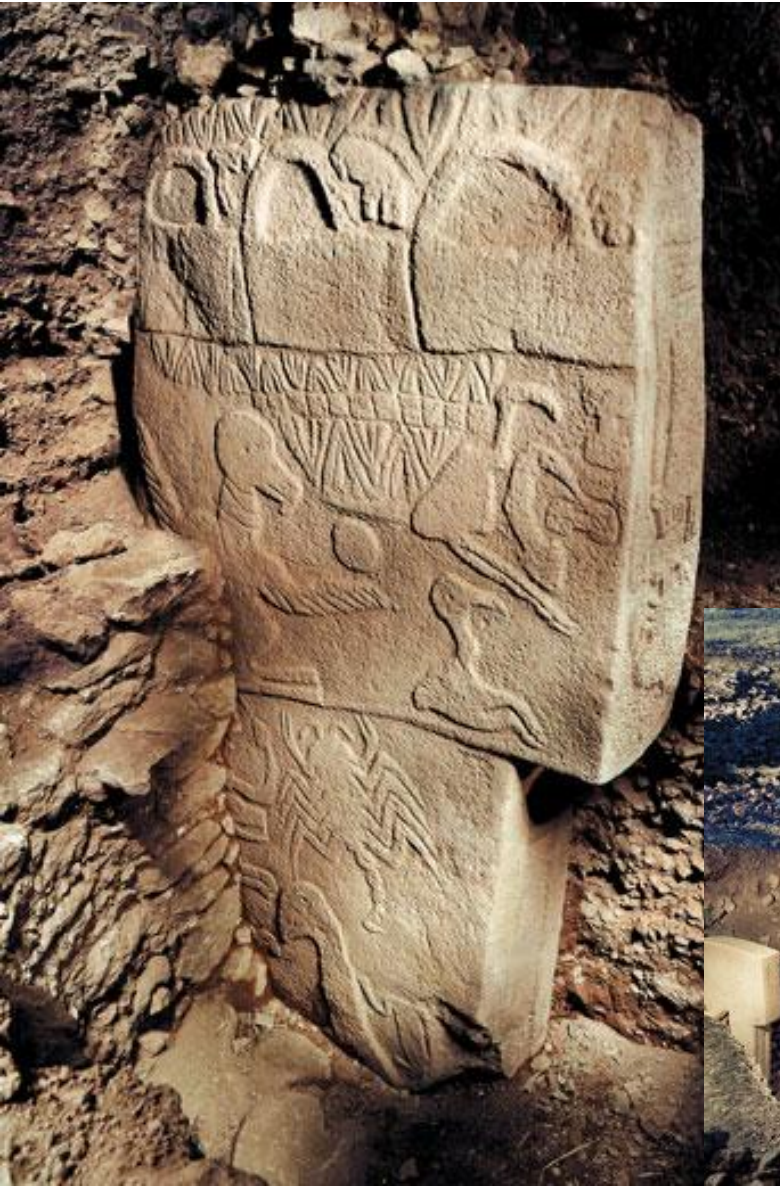
Göbekli Tepe, Turkey  
circa 9600 B.C.

# Oldest Temple

# Göbekli Tepe: the World's Oldest Temple



# Göbekli Tepe: the World's Oldest Temple



# Ahora Gorge Inscription

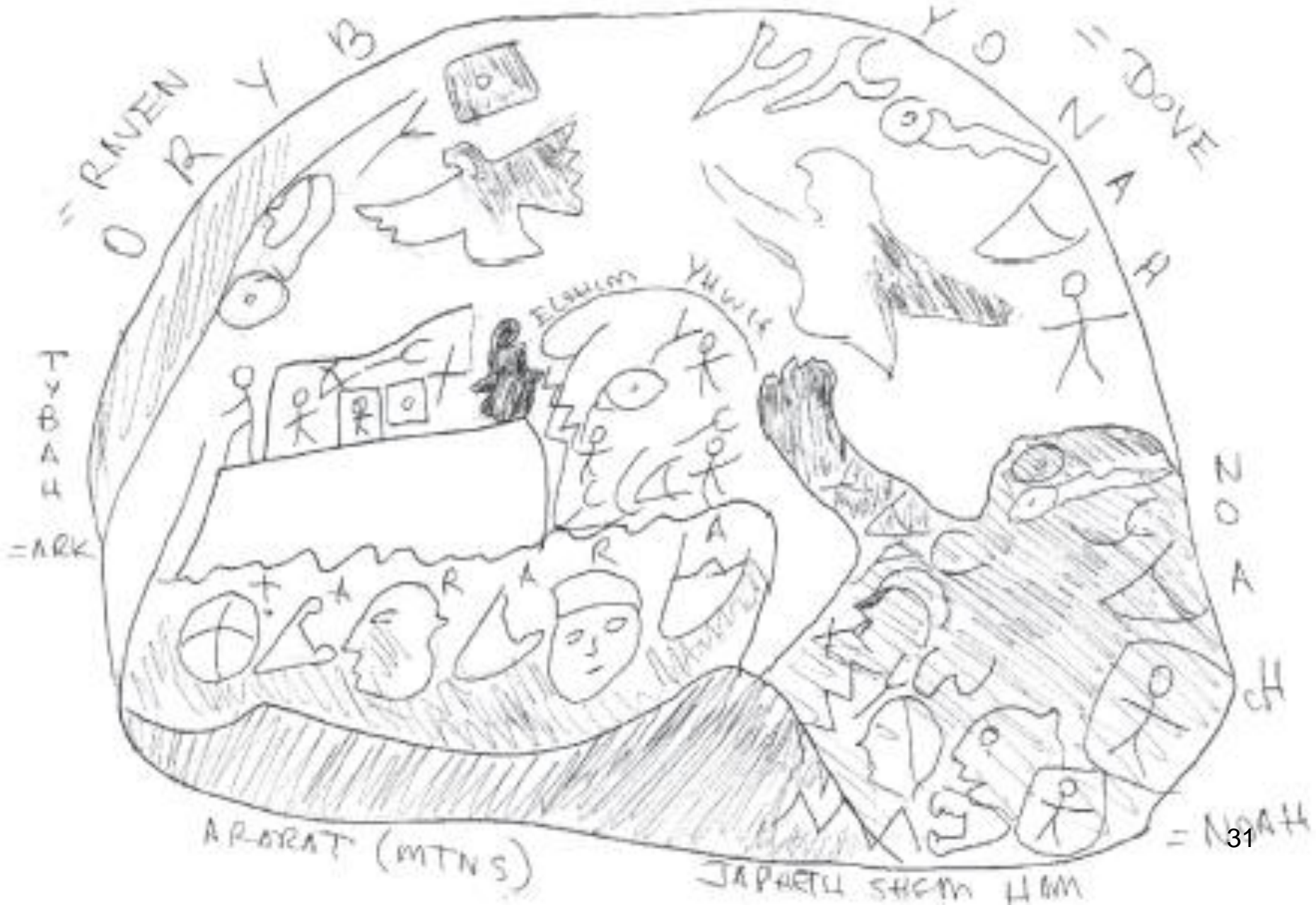


# Ahora Gorge Inscription

ASHAT = "WIFE of ..."  
T/H

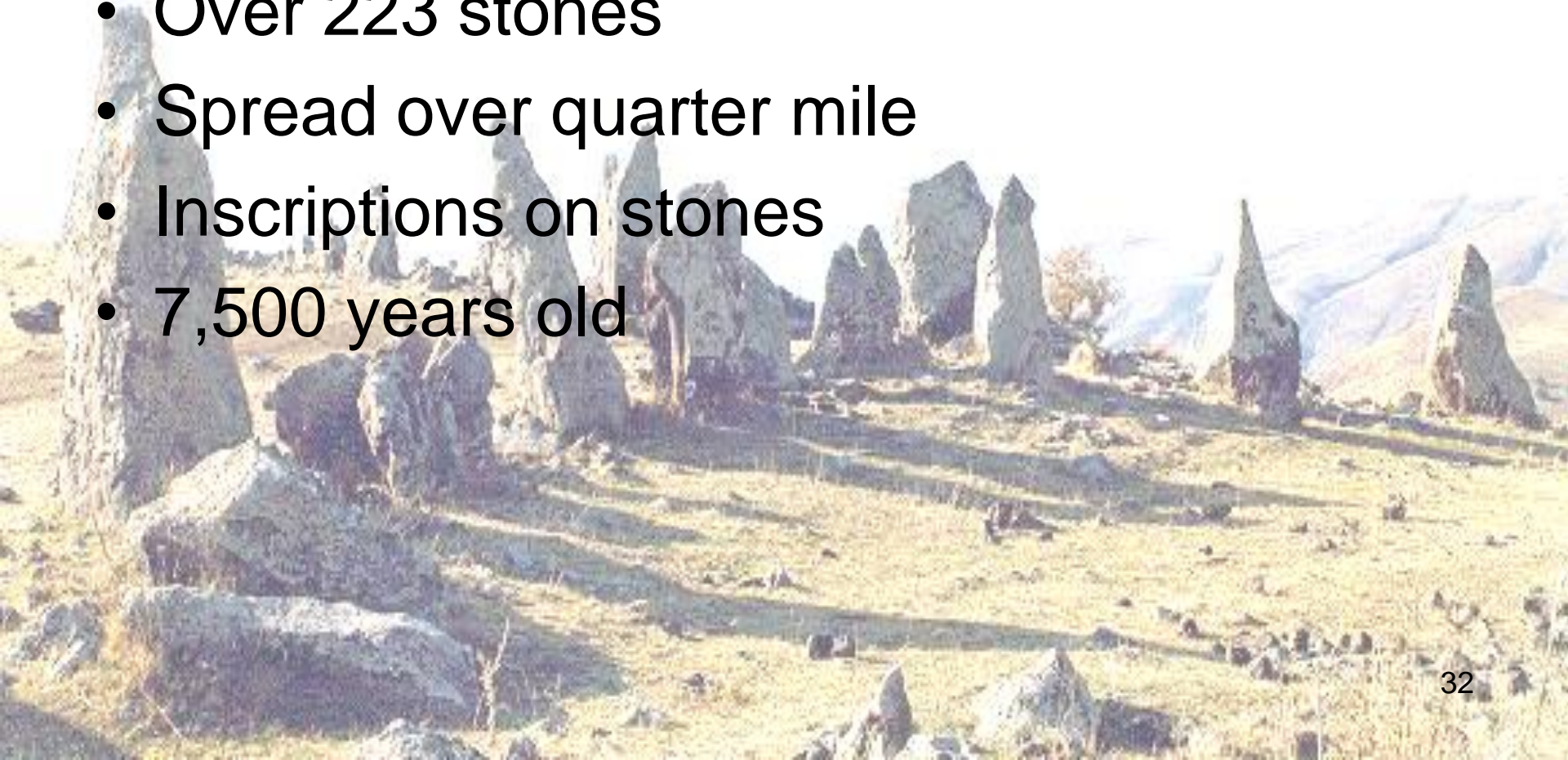


# Mount Aragatz Inscriptions



# Carahunge, Zorats Qarer

- Large field of megaliths
- Over 223 stones
- Spread over quarter mile
- Inscriptions on stones
- 7,500 years old



# Carahunge, Zorats Qarer



Figure 6. Marker for the tomb of Shem, near the center of Zorats Qarer.

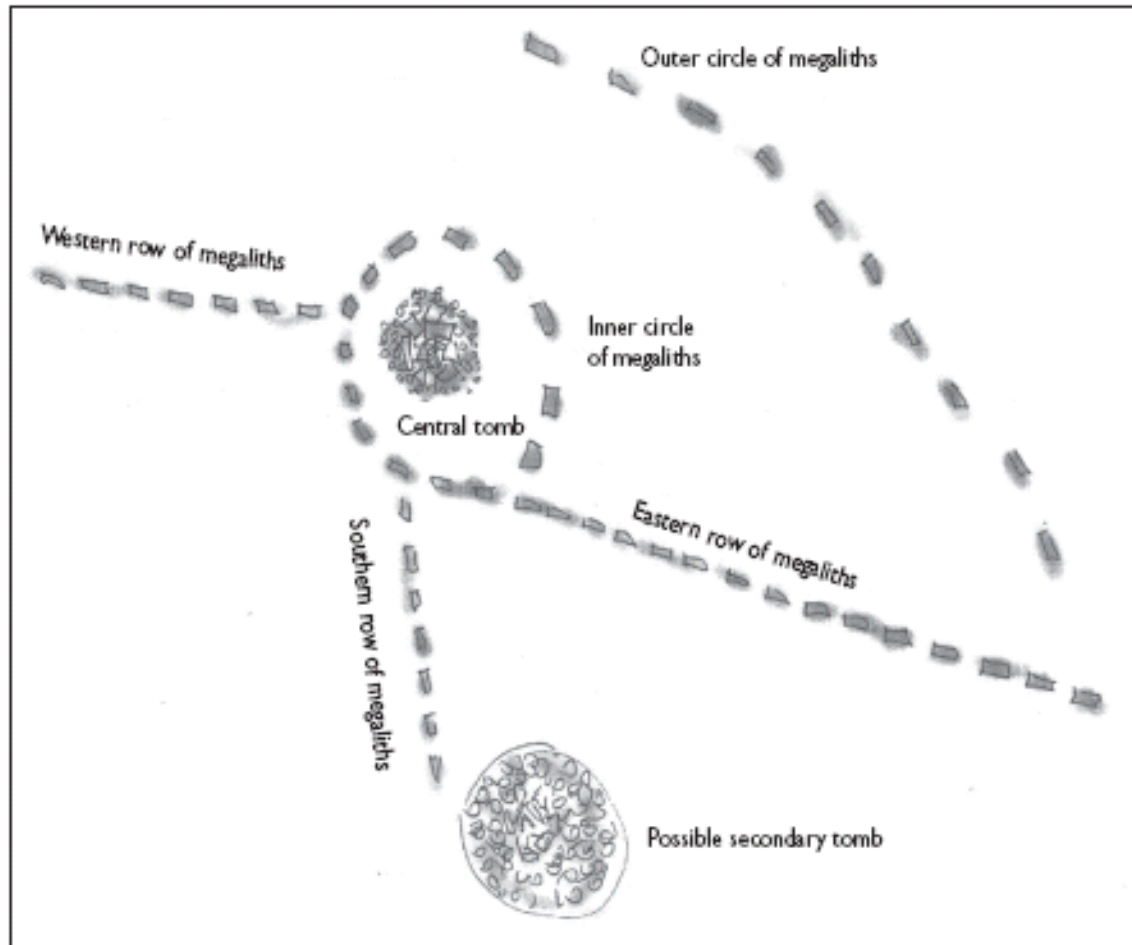


Figure 5. Diagram of the rows of megaliths at Zorats Qarer, as seen from above.

# Carahunge, Zorats Qarer

- World's oldest astrological observatory
- Accurately measure latitude
- Earth was sphere
- Radius was 6300km
- Accurate calendar



# Carahunge, Zorats Qarer



# Conclusion

- Artifacts from beneath the earth
- Ancient sites (oldest of kind) near Ararat
- Ancient Flood stories (History)
- Eyewitness testimony
- Inscriptions
- Place names
- Ancient tombs/graves of Noah's family

# Backup slides

# Artifacts from beneath the earth



**Bald Hill, Calaveras County, California.**



**Wilburton mine, Oklahoma**

# Artifacts from beneath the earth



Lawn Ridge, Illinois



Nampa, Idaho

# Artifacts from beneath the earth



Photo courtesy Frontiers of Reality

Dorchester, Massachusetts



West Virginia

# Flora and fauna native to Turkey

*Cyclamen*



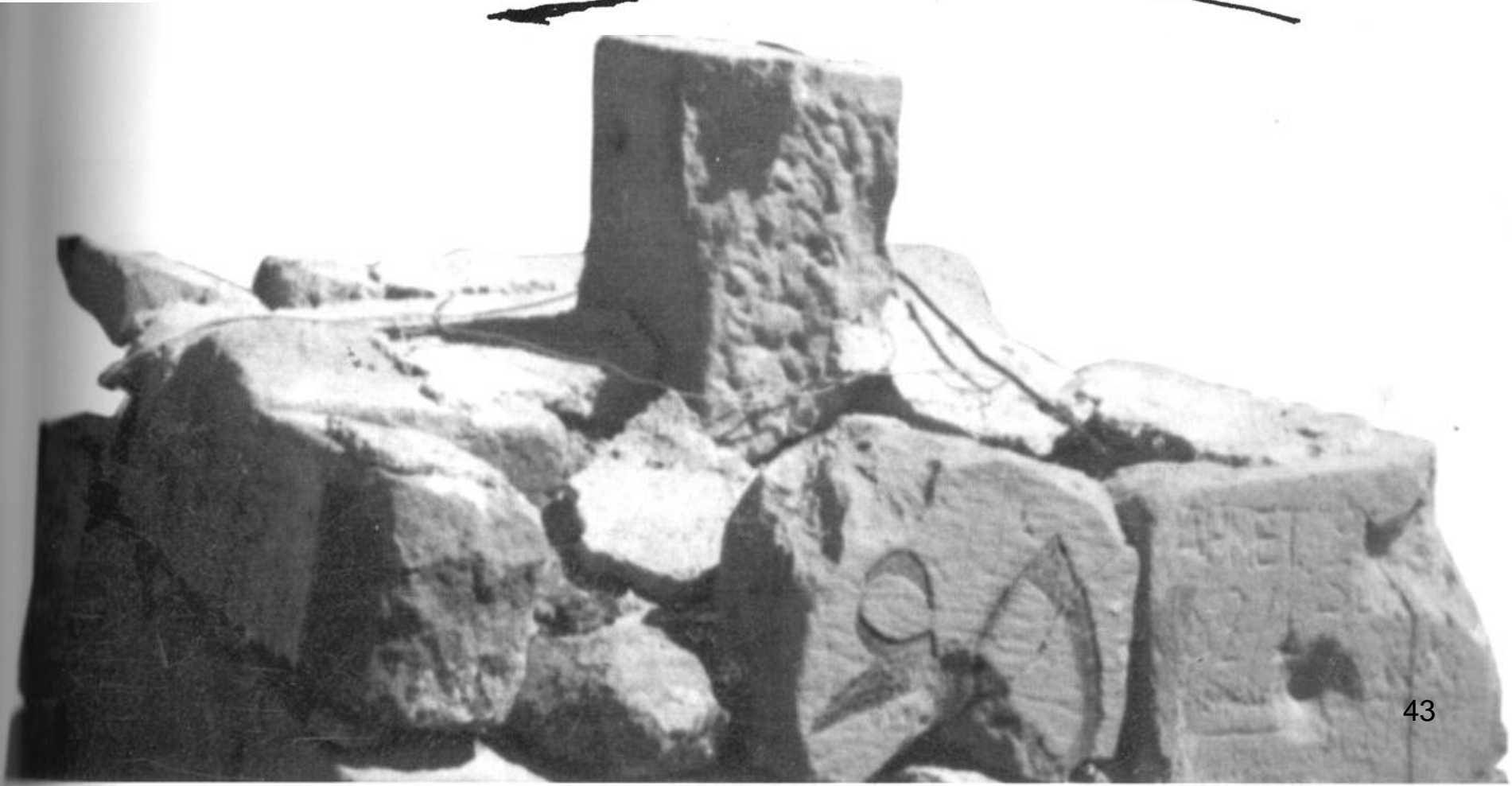
*Rose*

# Harmony-tongued Sumer

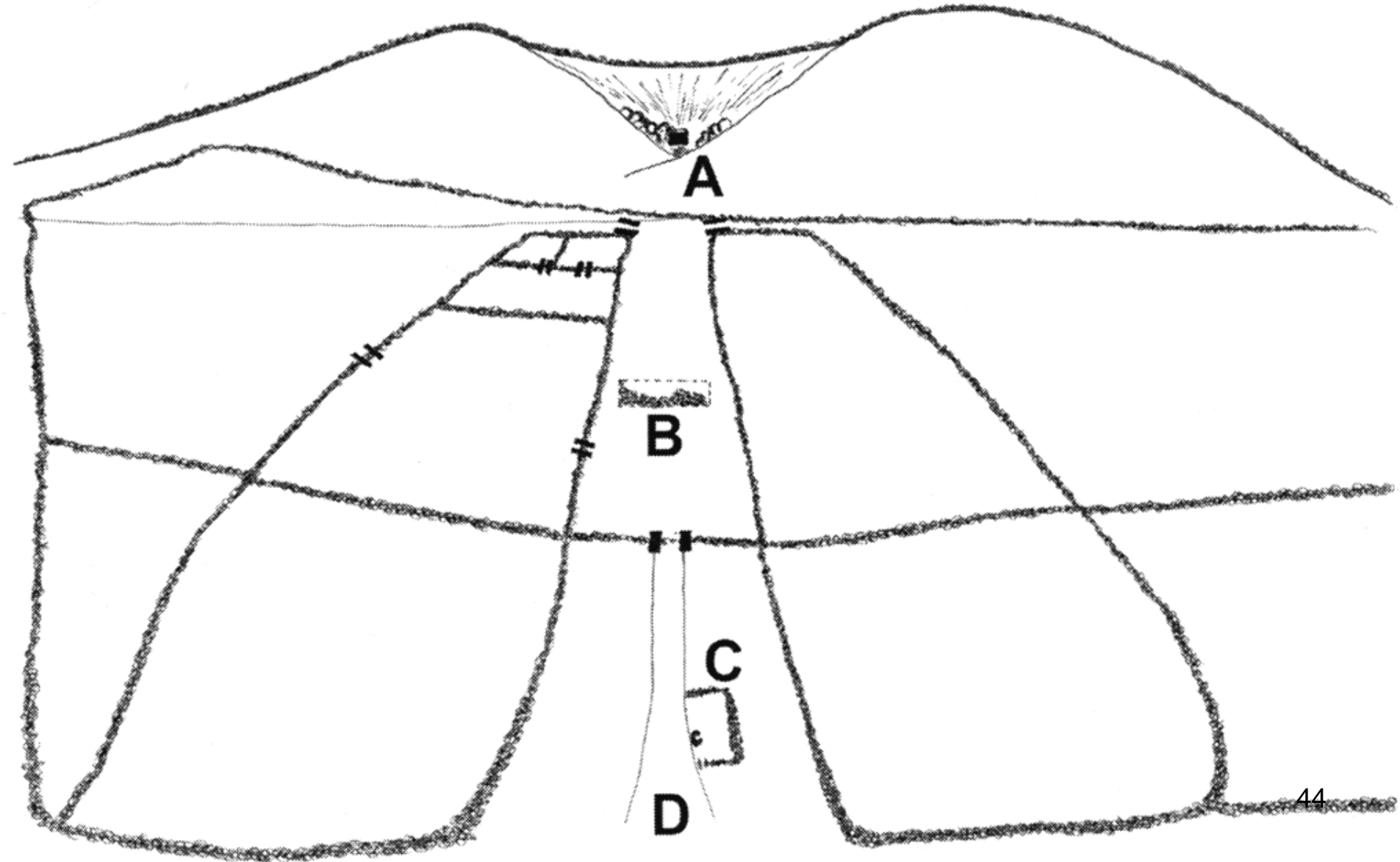
- An amazing text is located in the Oxford Ashmolean Museum. Without reading the entire text, we find the following:

"In those days, the lands Subur and Hamazi, Harmony-tongued Sumer, the great land of the decrees of princeship . . . The whole universe, the people in unison, To **Enlil** with **one tongue**. . . The leader of the gods . . . Changed the speech in their mouths, **brought contention** into it, Into the speech of man **that had been one**."

# Noah's Ark and Birds?



# Noah's House?



# Tower of Babel?



# Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden

(discovery at Akkad)



# Worldwide Distribution of Flood Stories



- Unique coin on display at the Israel Museum.
- This large bronze medallion was struck 1700 years ago at Apameia Kibotos in Asia Minor (modern Turkey) near the mountains of Ararat where, it is said, Noah's Ark came to rest after the flood.
- This coin is the only coin-type known to bear a Biblical scene.



A bronze coin, 27 millimeters in diameter of Apameia struck for Septimius Severus, AD 192- 211. The reverse legend mentions the city's AGONOTHETES (chief organizer of the games) or chief magistrate, ARTEMAS, who probably was Jewish. Noah's name, given in Greek as NOE, appears on the ark. Historian Numorum, B. V. Head, no. 313, page 667.



A bronze Noah coin, 28 millimeters in diameter, of Apameia struck for Philip I, AD 244-249, showing the magistrates name on the reverse as Alexander, most probably a Jew. Von Aniock 8347.



The last type of bronze Noah coin struck at Apameia for Trebonianus Gallus, AD 251-253, with the ark facing right. Greek Imperial Coins by David R. Sear, no. 4327 and Von Aulock, 3513.



